

Table with 40 columns containing alphanumeric codes. The table is organized into two main vertical sections, each with 20 columns. The codes are arranged in a grid-like pattern, representing a sequence of identifiers or data points.

Table with 16 columns of numerical data, likely representing a calendar or schedule. The data is organized in a grid format with rows and columns of numbers.

Table with 20 columns and 1000 rows of numerical data, likely representing a calendar or official schedule. The data is organized in a grid format with varying column widths.

Table with 20 columns and 1000 rows of alphanumeric data, likely representing a list of records or identifiers.



Table with 20 columns and 1000 rows of alphanumeric data, likely a lottery or official record. The data is organized in a grid format with varying column widths.

Table with multiple columns of alphanumeric codes, likely representing a list of entries or identifiers.





Table with 20 columns of alphanumeric codes, likely representing a schedule or list of items. The codes are organized in a grid format across the page.

Table with multiple columns containing alphanumeric identifiers and dates, organized in a grid format.

Table with multiple columns containing alphanumeric codes and dates, organized in a grid-like structure.



Table with 15 columns containing alphanumeric codes and dates. The table is organized into two main sections, each with 15 columns of data. The first section contains codes from 2007/01430692 to 2007/0143081337. The second section contains codes from 2007/01417241 to 2007/01419028. Each row represents a unique record with its corresponding identifiers.

Table with multiple columns containing alphanumeric codes and dates, organized in a grid-like structure.

Table with multiple columns containing alphanumeric codes and dates, organized in a grid format. The table contains a large volume of data points, likely representing a schedule or list of events.

Table with 10 columns of numerical data, likely representing a schedule or list of items. The data is organized in a grid format with rows and columns of numbers.



Table with 25 columns containing alphanumeric codes (e.g., 2007/01408282, 2007/01408919, 2007/01408988) and their corresponding values.

Table with multiple columns of alphanumeric codes, likely representing a list of records or identifiers. The table is organized into two main vertical sections.

Table with 10 columns of alphanumeric codes, likely representing a schedule or list of items. The codes are organized in a grid format across the page.

Table with 4 columns of alphanumeric identifiers, likely representing a list of records or documents.

Table with 4 columns of alphanumeric identifiers, continuing the list of records or documents from the previous table.



Table with multiple columns containing alphanumeric codes, likely representing a list of records or identifiers. The table is organized in a grid-like structure with approximately 10 columns and 100 rows of data.

Table with 10 columns of numerical data, likely representing a calendar or schedule for João Pessoa, 2014. The table contains a dense grid of numbers, possibly representing dates or specific events.

Table with multiple columns of alphanumeric codes, likely representing a list of records or identifiers. The table is organized into several vertical columns, each containing a sequence of numbers and letters.



Table with 4 columns containing numerical data for the first half of the page. The data is organized in a grid-like structure with varying column widths.

Table with 4 columns containing numerical data for the second half of the page. The data is organized in a grid-like structure with varying column widths.

Table with multiple columns containing alphanumeric codes (e.g., 2007/01384280, 2007/01384281, etc.) and their corresponding values.

Table with 10 columns of alphanumeric codes, likely representing a schedule or official record. The codes are organized in a grid format across the page.



Table with 10 columns of alphanumeric codes, likely representing a schedule or official record. The codes are organized in a grid format across the page.

Table with multiple columns containing alphanumeric codes, likely representing a list of records or identifiers. The table is organized into several vertical columns, with each row containing a sequence of these codes.

Table with 4 columns of numbers, containing a grid of numerical data from 2007/01375878 to 2007/01362497.

Table with 4 columns of numbers, containing a grid of numerical data from 2007/01365726 to 2007/01362926.

Table with multiple columns containing alphanumeric codes (e.g., 2007/01370865, 2007/01370866, etc.) and their corresponding values.



Table with 10 columns of numerical data, likely representing a calendar or schedule for the week of June 27, 2014. The numbers are organized in a grid format across the page.



Table with 20 columns of numerical data, likely representing a calendar or schedule for the week of June 27, 2014. The numbers are organized in a grid format across the page.

Table with multiple columns of alphanumeric codes, likely representing a list of records or identifiers. The table is organized into two main vertical sections.

Table with 10 columns of alphanumeric codes, likely representing a schedule or official record. The codes are organized in a grid format across the page.

Table with multiple columns containing alphanumeric codes, likely representing a list of records or identifiers. The table is organized into several vertical columns, with each row containing a sequence of these codes.

Table with multiple columns containing alphanumeric codes (e.g., 2007.01.32004) and corresponding identification numbers (e.g., 333089, 333212, 333224).

Table with multiple columns containing alphanumeric codes (e.g., 2007/0132579, 2007/0132580, etc.) and their corresponding values.



Table with 10 columns of alphanumeric identifiers, likely representing a list of records or documents.

Table with 10 columns of alphanumeric identifiers, continuing the list of records or documents from the previous table.

Table with 20 columns and 1000 rows of numerical data, likely representing a calendar or schedule. The data is organized in a grid format with varying column widths.

Table with multiple columns of numbers, likely representing a calendar or schedule for the week of June 27, 2014. The table contains a grid of numbers organized in rows and columns, with some numbers appearing to be dates or specific identifiers.

Table with multiple columns containing alphanumeric codes and dates, organized in a grid format. The table contains a large volume of data points, likely representing a schedule or official record.

Table with 10 columns of alphanumeric codes, likely representing a schedule or official record. The codes are organized in a grid format across the page.

Table with multiple columns containing alphanumeric codes and dates, organized in a grid format. The table contains a large volume of data points, likely representing a schedule or list of events.

Table with 10 columns of identification numbers (e.g., 2007/0131066, 2007/0131067) and their corresponding entries.

Table with 10 columns of identification numbers (e.g., 2007/0131068, 2007/0131069) and their corresponding entries.

Table with multiple columns containing alphanumeric codes (e.g., 2009/00366947, 2007/01322257) and their corresponding values.



Table with 10 columns of numerical data, likely representing a calendar or schedule. The data is organized in a grid format with rows and columns of numbers.

Table with multiple columns containing alphanumeric codes, likely representing a list of records or identifiers. The table is organized in a grid-like structure with approximately 10 columns and many rows.